
1. Identification

- A. Product name : CLEANPOXY DNY-200 (BASE) EPOXY PRIMER
- B. Recommended Use and Restriction on Use
- ☐ General use : for concrete
 - ☐ Restriction on use : Restricted to use other than recommended use
- C. Manufacturer / Supplier / distributor information
- | | |
|---|--|
| ☐ Company name : NOROO Paint & Coatings Co., Ltd. | ☐ Synergy Building Supplies |
| ☐ Address : 351, Bakdal-ro, Manan-gu, Anyang-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea | ☐ 236 Planet Street, Welshpool, WA, 6106 |
| ☐ Emergency telephone number : +82-31-467-6114 | ☐ 1300 655 853 |
-

2. Hazard identification

- A. GHS Classification
- Flammable liquids Category 2
- Acute toxicity (inhalation: vapor) Category 4
- Serious eye damage/irritation Category 1
- Serious eye damage/irritation Category 2
- Specific target organ toxicity(Single exposure) Category 3
- Specific target organ toxicity(Repeated exposure) Category 1
- Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1
- Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
- Aspiration hazard Category 1
- Ozone Layer Hazards

B. GHS label elements

- ☐ Hazard symbols



- ☐ Signal words : DANGER

- ☐ Hazard statements :

- H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour
- H332 Harmful if inhaled
- H318 Causes serious eye damage
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation
- H335+H336 May cause respiratory irritation, May cause drowsiness and dizziness.
- H372 Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause lung damage to the body (Refer Section SDS 11)
- H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
- H315 Causes skin irritation
- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
- H420 It destroys the upper layer of the ozone layer and is harmful to public health and environment.

- ☐ Precautionary statements

- Prevention

- P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. ? No smoking.
- P223 Avoid contact with water.
- P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
- P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.
- P242 Use only non-sparking tools. Flammable liquids (chapter 2.6) 1, 2, 3
- P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
- P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
- P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
- P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
- P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
- P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
- P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

- Response

- P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
- P370+P378 In case of fire: Use Suitable extinguishing media for extinction(Refer Section MSDS 5).
- P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
- P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
- P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
- P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
- P337+P313 If eye irritation persists, get medical attention / attention.
- P314 Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
- P301+P330+P331 Rinse mouth if swallowed. Do not induce vomiting.
- P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
- P321 Specific treatment
- P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
- P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

- P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.
- Storage

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P405 Store in a locked place.
 - Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation
P502 Please refer to the information provided by the manufacturer / supplier on recycling and recycling examples.

C. Other hazards which do not result in classification : (NFPA Classification)

Chemical Name	NFPA grade	Health	Flammability	Reactivity
4,4'-(1-Methylethylidene)bisphenol polymer with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[oxirane]		2	1	0
Xylene		NO DATA	NO DATA	NO DATA
Dimethyl carbonate		1	3	1
Acetone		1	3	0
Isobutanol		1	3	0
Propylene glycol methyl ether acetate		1	2	0
Ethylbenzene		2	3	0
2-Butoxyethanol		3	2	0
Petroleum resins		1	1	0

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical Name	Trade names and Synonyms	CAS-NO	Content(%)
4,4'-(1-Methylethylidene)bisphenol polymer with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[oxirane]	4,4'-(1-Methylethylidene)bisphenol polymer with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[oxirane]	25036-25-3	33~43
Xylene	Xylene	1330-20-7	22~32
Acetone	Acetone	67-64-1	7~17
Dimethyl carbonate	Dimethyl carbonate	616-38-6	6~16
Isobutanol	Isobutanol	78-83-1	2~12
Propylene glycol methyl ether acetate	Propylene glycol methyl ether acetate	108-65-6	1~10
Ethylbenzene	Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	1~10
2-Butoxyethanol	2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	1~10
Petroleum resins	Petroleum resins	64742-16-1	1~10

4. First-aid measures

- A. Eye Contact : If you wear a contact lenses, remove them first. Do not rub your eyes. If irritation, pain, swelling, tears or glaring happens, take medical assistant immediately Flush exposed eyes with plenty of water for more than 15minutes.
- B. Skin Contact : Wear gloves while washing the patient and avoid contact with exposed clothes. Wash carefully after handling. If symptoms like redness or irritation occurs, take medical assistant immediately. Wash off with soap and water for more than 15 minutes. And take medical assistant immediately. If symptoms like irritation or pain occurs, take medical assistant immediately. Remove exposed clothing, and wash off exposed area with soap and water.
- C. Inhalation : Take a medical assistant immediately. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes, and isolate it. If hard to breathe, administering oxygen Perform the artificial respiration, using the pocket mask with one way valves or other respiratory medical devices. If inhaled or swallowed, do not perform the inhalation phase of breathing If not breathing, perform the artificial respiration. Avoid from exposure, and move into an area with fresh air.
- D. Ingestion Contact : Flush mouth with water immediately. It is need to be considered that early removal of some ingested material by gastric lavage must be weighed against potential complications of bleeding or perforation Take proper medical assistant by symptoms. If ingested large quantity, take medical assistant. Do not try to induce vomiting, if occurs, keep head below hips to prevent swallow into lungs. Inducing vomit.
- E. Notes to Physician : There is no specific antidote and take an appropriate medical treatment.

5. Fire-fighting measures

- A. Suitable (Unsuitable) extinguishing media
- Suitable extinguishing media : Powder extinguishing agent, gaseous Extinguishing Agent, and regular foam.
 - (Unsuitable) extinguishing media : Avoid extinguishing fire with halogenting agent. Avoid use waterjet as fire extinguishing agent. Water is not appropriate extinguishing agent
 - Case of big fire : Use appropriate protective device depend on the situation. Stay away more than 800m to avoid tank explosion. Spread large amount of the extinguishing agent as a mist form with staying against wind.
- B. Specific hazards arising from the chemical
- Pyrolysate : Irritating and highly toxic gases may produced during the combustion by pyrolysis or combustion itself. Carbon dioxide, toxic carbon compounds/Nitrogen compounds/sulfur compounds
 - Fire and Explosion danger : Vapors may explode indoors, outdoors, and in drains Leakages may fire / explosion hazard and could be easily ignited by heat, sparks or flames. Container may explode when heating May form explosive mixture at or above ignition point Vapor may be released to the ignition source and ignited. Aqueous (Exclude water-

soluble one) products does not have risk of fire or explosion hazard by itself. Risk of medium-sized fire.

C. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

- Personal Precautions, protective equipment : Gas mask or air respirator, heat resistant clothing, heat resistant helmet, heat resistant gloves, heat resistant boots
- Emergency procedures : Do not approach if the tank is on fire. Avoid inhalation of the substance or combustion products. Use an unmanned fire extinguishing device, in case of large-sized fire. If not, leave it to burn. Tell the fire department, location of the fire and the hazardous features. Protect others from access and prohibit access to dangerous areas. Block the area except for the fire-suppression personnel. Cooling containers with water long time after extinguish fire. If there is no risk, moving containers away from fire. Use appropriate extinguishing agents to catch fire.

6. Accidental release measures

A. Personal Precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- Personal Precautions, protective equipment : Gas mask for organic gases, other appropriate protective device / clothing / gloves.
- Emergency procedures : Do not contact on the bare skin Do work with the personal protected devices such as gas mask for organic gases other appropriate protective devices / clothing / gloves. Spray water to reduce amount of steam. Take an action to block the leakage if there is no risk.

B. Environmental precautions

- Atmosphere : Using local ventilation to Minimize the exposure to worker. Do install the local ventilations and full ventilation system
- Soil : Use absorbent to collect the appropriate container. Trap spilled material at bottom in deep water pockets, excavated holding areas or within sand bag barriers.
- Under water : Collect spilled material with mechanic devices Use absorbent to collect the appropriate container.

C. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill : Move to appropriate container for disposal of spilled material collected. Absorb for use sand or other non-combustible material.
- Large spill : Notify to central and local government, when emissions are above regulation. Prohibit access of unnecessary people, isolate hazard area to secure.

7. Handling and storage

A. Precautions for safe handling : Storing with combustible substances such as stained clothes or paper may cause fire by spontaneous ignition. Thus do not stack it, and keep it in a non-flammable container with cap filled with water and dispose it. Do not take contaminated clothings away from the work area. Avoid contact with heat, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition. Do not inhale vapor for long-term or repeatedly. Do not handle until read and understood all safety precautions. Avoid contact with prohibited materials in mixture. Wash carefully after handling. Use local ventilations and a full ventilation system when handling Seal the container for minimizing the petroleum steam Ground for preventing the static discharge Keep or handle followed by Dangerous goods Safety Management Act

B. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities : Store away from waterworks and sewers. Collect in an airtight container to dispose. Prevent static electricity and do not store near heat sources. Store in original container only. Store in accordance with all current law and regulations. Check periodically for leaks Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area. Storage temperature: 25 ~ 35 °C Storage temperature: 15 ~ 25 °C Storage temperature: 5 ~ 15 °C Stored in an isolated place, freezing caution, high temperature body caution. Avoid strong oxidizing agents, acid. Storage temperature: 5 ~ 35 °C Avoid direct sunlight while storing outdoor. Because of evaporation and contamination concerns, airtight the container and store in a well-ventilated building.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

A. Exposure Limits

- 4,4'-(1-Methylethylidene)bisphenol polymer with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[oxirane]
 - ACGIH : NO DATA
 - Biological exposure indices : NO DATA
- Xylene
 - ACGIH : NO DATA
 - Biological exposure indices : NO DATA
- Dimethyl carbonate
 - ACGIH : NO DATA
 - Biological exposure indices : NO DATA
- Acetone
 - ACGIH : NO DATA
 - Biological exposure indices : NO DATA
- Isobutanol
 - ACGIH : NO DATA
 - Biological exposure indices : NO DATA
- Propylene glycol methyl ether acetate
 - ACGIH : NO DATA
 - Biological exposure indices : NO DATA
- Ethylbenzene
 - ACGIH : NO DATA
 - Biological exposure indices : NO DATA
- 2-Butoxyethanol
 - ACGIH : NO DATA
 - Biological exposure indices : NO DATA
- Petroleum resins

- ACGIH : NO DATA
- Biological exposure indices : NO DATA

B. Engineering Controls :

- ▷ Do install the local ventilations and full ventilation system
- ▷ Using local ventilation to Minimize the exposure to worker.
- ▷ NO DATA
- ▷ NO DATA

C. Personal Protective Equipment

- Respiratory protection : If there is possibility of direct contact or exposure to these substances should wear a authorized dust-proof mask or respirator for organic compounds Respiratory protection is ranked in order from minimum to maximum Respiratory protection may be needed, while frequent use or heavy exposure. Consider warning properties before use. Use the personal protect respirator for organic solvent or higher level of capacity when workers are supposed to be exposed under unsuitable respiratory working condition, or longer period exposure than standard level. Respirators should be authorized by Korea Occupational Safety and Health Agency
- Eye protection : If there is possibility of direct contact or exposure to these substances should wear authorized safty glasses or mask. Let workers do wear the safety glasses in case hazard caused by mist may be expected. Install washing facilities and an emergency washing facilities close to workplace. Use the respirator for organic solvent or higher level.
- Hand protection : If there is possibility of direct contact or exposure to these substances should wear authorized safety gloves for chemicals. Wear appropriate protective gloves Wear the chemical protective gloves Do the workers wear the impermeable protective gloves made from rubber/PVC due to skin irritation may be supposed by chronicle and long period exposure.
- Skin protection : If there is a possibility of direct contact or exposure to the substance Wear protective clothing for chemical substances Wear cleanroom garment or appropriate protective clothing to prevent contamination Wear appropriate chemical protective clothing. Work after wearing the impermeable protective apron made by rubber/PVC in case hazard caused by exposure or spill, wear the impermeable whole body protective clothing if needed.

9. Physical and chemical properties

- A. Appearance : Liquid
- B. Odor : Specific Odor
- C. Odor threshold : NO DATA
- D. PH : NO DATA
- E. Melting point/Freezing point(℃) : NO DATA
- F. Initial Boiling Point/Boiling Ranges(℃) : 117~171℃
- G. Flash point(℃) : 12
- H. Evaporating Rate : NO DATA
- I. Flammability(solid, gas)(℃) : NON Flammable
- J. Upper/Lower Flammability or explosive limits : NO DATA
- K. Vapour pressure : NO DATA
- L. Solubility : Water insoluble
- M. Vapour density : NO DATA
- N. Specific gravity : 0.97 ± 0.3
- O. Partition coefficient of n-octanol/water : NO DATA
- P. Autoignition temperature(℃) : NO DATA
- Q. Decomposition temperature(℃) : NO DATA
- R. Viscosity : NO DATA
- S. Molecular weight : NO DATA

10. Stability and reactivity

- A. Chemical stability : NO DATA
- B. Possibility of hazardous reactions : Avoid contaminants and friction Do not contact with heat, spark, flame or other flammable sources
- C. Conditions to avoid : Oxidation agent, metal and combustable materials
- D. Hazardous decomposition products : Thermal decomposition products (carbon etc.,)

11. Toxicological information

- A. Information on the likely routes of exposure
 - Respiratory tracts : Adverse lung effects, Dyspnoea, Hypothermia, Vomitting
 - Oral : Vomitting, Diarrhea, Stomach pain, Irregular heartbeat
 - Skin : Irritation, Burn, Adverse nerve effects
 - Eye : Irritation, eye damage
- B. Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
 - 4,4'-(1-Methylethylidene)bisphenol polymer with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-

phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[oxirane]

- Acute toxicity
 - Oral : LD50 > 2000 mg/kg Rat
 - Dermal : LD50 > 2000 mg/kg Rabbit
 - Inhalation : LD50 > 2000 mg/kg Rabbit
 - Skin corrosion/irritation : NO DATA
 - Serious eye damage/irritation : NO DATA
 - Respiratory sensitization : NO DATA
 - Skin sensitization : NO DATA
 - Carcinogenicity
 - IARC : NO DATA
 - OSHA : NO DATA
 - ACGIH : NO DATA
 - NTP : NO DATA
 - EU CLP : NO DATA
 - Germ cell mutagenicity : NO DATA
 - Reproductive toxicity : NO DATA
 - STOT-single exposure : NO DATA
 - STOT-repeated exposure : NO DATA
 - Aspiration hazard : NO DATA
- Xylene
- Acute toxicity
 - Oral : LD50=3550 mg/kg rat
 - Dermal : LD50 4350 mg/kg Rabbit
 - Inhalation : LD50 4350 mg/kg Rabbit
 - Skin corrosion/irritation : Skin irritation test in rabbits Causes moderate irritation.
 - Serious eye damage/irritation : Skin irritation test in rabbits Causes moderate irritation.
 - Respiratory sensitization : NO DATA
 - Skin sensitization : NO DATA
 - Carcinogenicity
 - IARC : Group 3
 - OSHA : NO DATA
 - ACGIH : A4
 - NTP : NO DATA
 - EU CLP : NO DATA
 - Germ cell mutagenicity : If three people a voice dynamics, somatic cell mutagenicity tests in vivo (micronucleus test, chromosome test) Voice
 - Reproductive toxicity : If three people a voice dynamics, somatic cell mutagenicity tests in vivo (micronucleus test, chromosome test) Voice
 - STOT-single exposure : NO DATA
 - STOT-repeated exposure : NO DATA
 - Aspiration hazard : In the liquid can cause chemical pneumonia if swallowed.
- Dimethyl carbonate
- Acute toxicity
 - Oral : LD50 = 13000 mg/kg Rat
 - Dermal : LD50 = 5000 mg/kg Rabbit
 - Inhalation : LD50 = 5000 mg/kg Rabbit
 - Skin corrosion/irritation : non-irritating(rabbit)
 - Serious eye damage/irritation : Mild irritant(rabbit)
 - Respiratory sensitization : NO DATA
 - Skin sensitization : NO DATA
 - Carcinogenicity
 - IARC : NO DATA
 - OSHA : NO DATA
 - ACGIH : NO DATA
 - NTP : NO DATA
 - EU CLP : NO DATA
 - Germ cell mutagenicity : NO DATA
 - Reproductive toxicity : NO DATA
 - STOT-single exposure : NO DATA
 - STOT-repeated exposure : NO DATA
 - Aspiration hazard : NO DATA
- Acetone
- Acute toxicity
 - Oral : LD50 = 5280 mg/kg Rat (EHC(1990), SIDS(1997))
 - Dermal : LD50 = 12870 mg/kg rabbit (EHC(1990), PATTY(1994), SIDS(1997))
 - Inhalation : LD50 = 12870 mg/kg rabbit (EHC(1990), PATTY(1994), SIDS(1997))
 - Skin corrosion/irritation : (using rabbit) skin Irritation test result non-irritating
 - Serious eye damage/irritation : Irritating to eyes of the person vapor exposure is stopped, but not sustained stimulation. The destruction of the corneal epidermis Restored in 4-6 days.
 - Respiratory sensitization : NO DATA
 - Skin sensitization : negative test result mouse, guinea pig test results negative
 - Carcinogenicity
 - IARC : NO DATA
 - OSHA : NO DATA
 - ACGIH : A4
 - NTP : NO DATA
 - EU CLP : NO DATA
 - Germ cell mutagenicity : Micronucleustest Negative
 - Reproductive toxicity : Micronucleustest Negative
 - STOT-single exposure : People in the nose, airway, bronchial irritation, exposure to high concentrations

- headaches, dizziness, loss of strength of the leg, causing fainting.
- STOT-repeated exposure : NO DATA
- Aspiration hazard : Seongryul tie 0.426 mm² / s (calculated)
- Isobutanol
 - Acute toxicity
 - Oral : LD50 = 2460 mg/kg Rat
 - Dermal : LD50 = 2460 mg/kg Rabbit
 - Inhalation : LD50 = 2460 mg/kg Rabbit
 - Skin corrosion/irritation : (in rabbit) test result stimulus - Not recovered within seven days.
 - Serious eye damage/irritation : Not by exposure to irritant vapors from people and changes in the cornea appears.
 - Respiratory sensitization : NO DATA
 - Skin sensitization : NO DATA
 - Carcinogenicity
 - IARC : NO DATA
 - OSHA : NO DATA
 - ACGIH : NO DATA
 - NTP : NO DATA
 - EU CLP : NO DATA
 - Germ cell mutagenicity : Using mammalian erythrocytes Micronucleustest result Negative. Using mammalian bone marrow Chromosomal abnormalitiestest result Negative
 - Reproductive toxicity : Using mammalian erythrocytes Micronucleustest result Negative. Using mammalian bone marrow Chromosomal abnormalitiestest result Negative
 - STOT-single exposure : Throat irritation was observed in humans. Neurotoxicity in rats and decreased reflex activity decreased test results is displayed. Inhalation exposure in rats and rabbits suppression test results appear in the central nervous system.
 - STOT-repeated exposure : 90-day rat inhalation exposure test results will not appear unusual toxic effects.
 - Aspiration hazard : Causes Aspiration hazard.
- Propylene glycol methyl ether acetate
 - Acute toxicity
 - Oral : LD50 = 8532 mg/kg Rat
 - Dermal : LD50 > 5000 mg/kg Rabbit
 - Inhalation : LD50 > 5000 mg/kg Rabbit
 - Skin corrosion/irritation : rabbit: non-Irritation
 - Serious eye damage/irritation : Rabbit: mild irritant
 - Respiratory sensitization : NO DATA
 - Skin sensitization : Guinea pig / maximization test (GLP): No sensitization
 - Carcinogenicity
 - IARC : NO DATA
 - OSHA : NO DATA
 - ACGIH : NO DATA
 - NTP : NO DATA
 - EU CLP : NO DATA
 - Germ cell mutagenicity : In vitro - Salmonella typhimurium/TA98, TA100, TA1535, TA1537 (ames test, GLP): With and without metabolic activation system- Negative, CHL Cells/Chromosomal abnormalitiestest (GLP):With and without metabolic activation system- Negative, rat Hepatocyte/UDStest (GLP)
 - Reproductive toxicity : In vitro - Salmonella typhimurium/TA98, TA100, TA1535, TA1537 (Return mutation test, GLP): Negative (negative), CHL Cells / Chromosome aberration test (GLP): Negative (negative), rat hepatocyte / UDS test (GLP) : Negative in the absence of metabolic activation system
 - STOT-single exposure : Reported liver effects in humans. Rat Causes affect the spleen. In mice causes an effect on the central nervous system, and lung. That the anesthetic effect on the animal. Irritating to the prayers of people. (ACGIH, etc.)
 - STOT-repeated exposure : Reported affect the kidneys, liver, central nervous system in humans. (PATTY 5th)
 - Aspiration hazard : NO DATA
- Ethylbenzene
 - Acute toxicity
 - Oral : LD50 = 3500 mg/kg Rat
 - Dermal : LD50 = 15400 mg/kg Rabbit
 - Inhalation : Steam LC50 = 4000 ppm 4 hr Rat (Equivalents : 17.4 mg/L)
 - Skin corrosion/irritation : skin Irritation test result weak Irritation
 - Serious eye damage/irritation : Rabbit eye irritation test results in a slight conjunctival irritation, recoverable damage.
 - Respiratory sensitization : NO DATA
 - Skin sensitization : NO DATA
 - Carcinogenicity
 - IARC : Group 2B
 - OSHA : NO DATA
 - ACGIH : A3
 - NTP : NO DATA
 - EU CLP : NO DATA
 - Germ cell mutagenicity : Micronucleustest Negative (7)
 - Reproductive toxicity : Micronucleustest Negative (7)
 - STOT-single exposure : It causes central nervous system effects in laboratory animals and airway irritation.
 - STOT-repeated exposure : NO DATA
 - Aspiration hazard : Hydrocarbons. Swallowing the liquid by aspiration may cause chemical pneumonia. Ties seongryul 0.74 mm² / s (25 °C)
- 2-Butoxyethanol
 - Acute toxicity
 - Oral : LD50 = 1746 mg/kg Rat
 - Dermal : LD50 = 99 mg/kg Rabbit
 - Inhalation : LD50 = 99 mg/kg Rabbit
 - Skin corrosion/irritation : skin Irritation test result Irritation

- Serious eye damage/irritation : Using the rabbit eye irritation test results – Severe irritation
- Respiratory sensitization : NO DATA
- Skin sensitization : Guinea pig test results negative, human patch test results in negative
- Carcinogenicity
 - IARC : Group 3
 - OSHA : NO DATA
 - ACGIH : A3
 - NTP : NO DATA
 - EU CLP : NO DATA
- Germ cell mutagenicity : (Using mouse and rat bone marrow cells) Micronucleustest Negative,
- Reproductive toxicity : (Using mouse and rat bone marrow cells) Micronucleustest Negative,
- STOT-single exposure : Throat irritation in humans are being observed. Appears neurotoxicity tests decreased activity decreased in rats and jerk reaction. Appears inhalation exposure test results suppress the central nervous system in rats and rabbits.
- STOT-repeated exposure : The toxic effects appear in the blood (red blood cells) by inhalation exposure in animals.
- Aspiration hazard : NO DATA
- Petroleum resins
 - Acute toxicity
 - Oral : LD50 = 7000 mg/kg (Mammals)
 - Dermal : NO DATA
 - Inhalation : NO DATA
 - Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes of skin stimulus
 - Serious eye damage/irritation : NO DATA
 - Respiratory sensitization : NO DATA
 - Skin sensitization : NO DATA
 - Carcinogenicity
 - IARC : NO DATA
 - OSHA : NO DATA
 - ACGIH : NO DATA
 - NTP : NO DATA
 - EU CLP : NO DATA
 - Germ cell mutagenicity : NO DATA
 - Reproductive toxicity : NO DATA
 - STOT-single exposure : NO DATA
 - STOT-repeated exposure : NO DATA
 - Aspiration hazard : NO DATA

12. Ecological information

A. Ecotoxicity

- 4,4'-(1-Methylethylidene)bisphenol polymer with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[oxirane]
 - Fish : NO DATA
 - Crustaceans : NO DATA
 - Algae : NO DATA
- Xylene
 - Fish : NO DATA
 - Crustaceans : NO DATA
 - Algae : NO DATA
- Dimethyl carbonate
 - Fish : NO DATA
 - Crustaceans : NO DATA
 - Algae : NO DATA
- Acetone
 - Fish : LC50 > 100 mg/ℓ 96 hr
 - Crustaceans : NO DATA
 - Algae : NO DATA
- Isobutanol
 - Fish : LC50 = 1000 mg/ℓ 96 hr
 - Crustaceans : EC50 = 1250 mg/ℓ 24 hr
 - Algae : NO DATA
- Propylene glycol methyl ether acetate
 - Fish : LC50 ≥ 100 mg/ℓ 96 hr *Oryzias latipes*
 - Crustaceans : EC50 = 373 mg/ℓ 48 hr *Daphnia magna*
 - Algae : EC50 ≥ 1000 mg/ℓ 72 hr *Selenastrum capricornutum*
- Ethylbenzene
 - Fish : LC50 = 9.09 mg/ℓ 96 hr
 - Crustaceans : LC50 = 0.4 mg/ℓ 96 hr
 - Algae : NO DATA
- 2-Butoxyethanol
 - Fish : LC50 = 1250 mg/ℓ 96 hr
 - Crustaceans : LC50 = 5.4 mg/ℓ 96 hr
 - Algae : NO DATA
- Petroleum resins
 - Fish : NO DATA
 - Crustaceans : NO DATA
 - Algae : NO DATA

B. Persistence and degradability

- 4,4'-(1-Methylethylidene)bisphenol polymer with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-

- phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[oxirane]
 - Persistence : NO DATA
 - Degradability : NO DATA
 - ☐ Xylene
 - Persistence : NO DATA
 - Degradability : NO DATA
 - ☐ Dimethyl carbonate
 - Persistence : NO DATA
 - Degradability : NO DATA
 - ☐ Acetone
 - Persistence : NO DATA
 - Degradability : NO DATA
 - ☐ Isobutanol
 - Persistence : log Kow = 0.8
 - Degradability : NO DATA
 - ☐ Propylene glycol methyl ether acetate
 - Persistence : log Kow = 0.43
 - Degradability : NO DATA
 - ☐ Ethylbenzene
 - Persistence : NO DATA
 - Degradability : NO DATA
 - ☐ 2-Butoxyethanol
 - Persistence : log Kow = 0.83
 - Degradability : NO DATA
 - ☐ Petroleum resins
 - Persistence : NO DATA
 - Degradability : NO DATA
- C. Bioaccumulative potential
- ☐ 4,4'-(1-Methylethylidene)bisphenol polymer with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[oxirane]
 - Bioaccumulative potential : NO DATA
 - Biodegradation : NO DATA
 - ☐ Xylene
 - Bioaccumulative potential : NO DATA
 - Biodegradation : 39 (%)
 - ☐ Dimethyl carbonate
 - Bioaccumulative potential : NO DATA
 - Biodegradation : NO DATA
 - ☐ Acetone
 - Bioaccumulative potential : NO DATA
 - Biodegradation : NO DATA
 - ☐ Isobutanol
 - Bioaccumulative potential : NO DATA
 - Biodegradation : NO DATA
 - ☐ Propylene glycol methyl ether acetate
 - Bioaccumulative potential : NO DATA
 - Biodegradation : Biodegradability > 60 (%) 28 day
 - ☐ Ethylbenzene
 - Bioaccumulative potential : NO DATA
 - Biodegradation : NO DATA
 - ☐ 2-Butoxyethanol
 - Bioaccumulative potential : NO DATA
 - Biodegradation : Biodegradability = 96 (%)
 - ☐ Petroleum resins
 - Bioaccumulative potential : NO DATA
 - Biodegradation : NO DATA
- D. Mobility in soil
- ☐ 4,4'-(1-Methylethylidene)bisphenol polymer with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[oxirane]
 - ▷ NO DATA
 - ☐ Xylene
 - ▷ log Kow = 3.12 (measured) (ortho), 3.2 (measured) (meta), 3.15 (measurements) (p) (5)
 - ☐ Dimethyl carbonate
 - ▷ NO DATA
 - ☐ Acetone
 - ▷ NO DATA
 - ☐ Isobutanol
 - ▷ log Kow = 0.8 (1)
 - ☐ Propylene glycol methyl ether acetate
 - ▷ NO DATA
 - ☐ Ethylbenzene
 - ▷ log Kow = 3.15 (11)
 - ☐ 2-Butoxyethanol
 - ▷ NO DATA
 - ☐ Petroleum resins
 - ▷ NO DATA
- E. Other adverse effects
- ☐ 4,4'-(1-Methylethylidene)bisphenol polymer with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[oxirane]
 - ▷ NO DATA

- Xylene
 - ▷ NO DATA
- Dimethyl carbonate
 - ▷ NO DATA
- Acetone
 - ▷ NO DATA
- Isobutanol
 - ▷ NO DATA
- Propylene glycol methyl ether acetate
 - ▷ NO DATA
- Ethylbenzene
 - ▷ NO DATA
- 2-Butoxyethanol
 - ▷ NO DATA
- Petroleum resins
 - ▷ NO DATA

13. Disposal considerations

- A. Disposal methods : To prevent environmental pollution, dispose it to a licensed waste disposal company. Recycle the recyclable materials, such as organic solvents, and then incinerate the residue at high temperature. Pre-treat with oil-water separation method when it is available. Disposal material should keep in the airtight container, and consign according to Waste Material Management Act
- B. Special precautions for disposal : Discard it followed by appropriate regulations Prohibit the unauthorized disposal and incineration due to adversely affect natural ecosystems

14. Transport information

- A. UN number : 1263
- B. Proper shipping name : Paint (including paint, lacquer, enamel, colorants, shellac solutions, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer sealer) or related materials (including paint diluent and reductant).
- C. Hazard class : 3
- D. Packing group : II
- E. Marine pollutant : N/A
- F. Special precautions for user related to transport or transportation measures
- EmS FIRE SCHEDULE : F-E
 - EmS SPILLAGE SCHEDULE : S-E

15. Regulatory information

- 4,4'-(1-Methylethylidene)bisphenol polymer with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[oxirane]
 - Information of EU Classification
 - ▷ Classification : NO DATA
 - ▷ Risk Phrases : NO DATA
 - ▷ Safety Phrase : NO DATA
 - U.S. Federal regulations
 - ▷ OSHA PROCESS SAFETY (29CFR1910.119) : notapplicable
 - ▷ CERCLA Section 103 (40CFR302.4) : notapplicable
 - ▷ EPCRA Section 302 (40CFR355.30) : notapplicable
 - ▷ EPCRA Section 304 (40CFR355.40) : notapplicable
 - ▷ EPCRA Section 313 (40CFR372.65) : notapplicable
 - Rotterdam Convention listed ingredients : NO DATA
 - Stockholm Convention listed ingredients : NO DATA
 - Montreal Protocol listed ingredients : NO DATA
- Xylene
 - Information of EU Classification
 - ▷ Classification : NO DATA
 - ▷ Risk Phrases : NO DATA
 - ▷ Safety Phrase : NO DATA
 - U.S. Federal regulations
 - ▷ OSHA PROCESS SAFETY (29CFR1910.119) : notapplicable
 - ▷ CERCLA Section 103 (40CFR302.4) : 45.3599 kg 100 lb
 - ▷ EPCRA Section 302 (40CFR355.30) : notapplicable
 - ▷ EPCRA Section 304 (40CFR355.40) : notapplicable
 - ▷ EPCRA Section 313 (40CFR372.65) : pertinent
 - Rotterdam Convention listed ingredients : NO DATA
 - Stockholm Convention listed ingredients : NO DATA
 - Montreal Protocol listed ingredients : NO DATA
- Dimethyl carbonate
 - Information of EU Classification
 - ▷ Classification : NO DATA
 - ▷ Risk Phrases : NO DATA
 - ▷ Safety Phrase : NO DATA
 - U.S. Federal regulations
 - ▷ OSHA PROCESS SAFETY (29CFR1910.119) : notapplicable
 - ▷ CERCLA Section 103 (40CFR302.4) : notapplicable

- ▷ EPCRA Section 302 (40CFR355.30) : notapplicable
 - ▷ EPCRA Section 304 (40CFR355.40) : notapplicable
 - ▷ EPCRA Section 313 (40CFR372.65) : notapplicable
 - Rotterdam Convention listed ingredients : NO DATA
 - Stockholm Convention listed ingredients : NO DATA
 - Montreal Protocol listed ingredients : NO DATA
- Acetone
 - Information of EU Classification
 - ▷ Classification : NO DATA
 - ▷ Risk Phrases : NO DATA
 - ▷ Safety Phrase : NO DATA
 - U.S. Federal regulations
 - ▷ OSHA PROCESS SAFETY (29CFR1910.119) : notapplicable
 - ▷ CERCLA Section 103 (40CFR302.4) : 2267.995 kg 5000 lb
 - ▷ EPCRA Section 302 (40CFR355.30) : notapplicable
 - ▷ EPCRA Section 304 (40CFR355.40) : notapplicable
 - ▷ EPCRA Section 313 (40CFR372.65) : notapplicable
 - Rotterdam Convention listed ingredients : NO DATA
 - Stockholm Convention listed ingredients : NO DATA
 - Montreal Protocol listed ingredients : NO DATA
- Isobutanol
 - Information of EU Classification
 - ▷ Classification : NO DATA
 - ▷ Risk Phrases : NO DATA
 - ▷ Safety Phrase : NO DATA
 - U.S. Federal regulations
 - ▷ OSHA PROCESS SAFETY (29CFR1910.119) : notapplicable
 - ▷ CERCLA Section 103 (40CFR302.4) : 2267.995 kg 5000 lb
 - ▷ EPCRA Section 302 (40CFR355.30) : notapplicable
 - ▷ EPCRA Section 304 (40CFR355.40) : notapplicable
 - ▷ EPCRA Section 313 (40CFR372.65) : notapplicable
 - Rotterdam Convention listed ingredients : NO DATA
 - Stockholm Convention listed ingredients : NO DATA
 - Montreal Protocol listed ingredients : NO DATA
- Propylene glycol methyl ether acetate
 - Information of EU Classification
 - ▷ Classification : NO DATA
 - ▷ Risk Phrases : NO DATA
 - ▷ Safety Phrase : NO DATA
 - U.S. Federal regulations
 - ▷ OSHA PROCESS SAFETY (29CFR1910.119) : notapplicable
 - ▷ CERCLA Section 103 (40CFR302.4) : notapplicable
 - ▷ EPCRA Section 302 (40CFR355.30) : notapplicable
 - ▷ EPCRA Section 304 (40CFR355.40) : notapplicable
 - ▷ EPCRA Section 313 (40CFR372.65) : notapplicable
 - Rotterdam Convention listed ingredients : NO DATA
 - Stockholm Convention listed ingredients : NO DATA
 - Montreal Protocol listed ingredients : NO DATA
- Ethylbenzene
 - Information of EU Classification
 - ▷ Classification : NO DATA
 - ▷ Risk Phrases : NO DATA
 - ▷ Safety Phrase : NO DATA
 - U.S. Federal regulations
 - ▷ OSHA PROCESS SAFETY (29CFR1910.119) : notapplicable
 - ▷ CERCLA Section 103 (40CFR302.4) : 453.599 kg 1000 lb
 - ▷ EPCRA Section 302 (40CFR355.30) : notapplicable
 - ▷ EPCRA Section 304 (40CFR355.40) : notapplicable
 - ▷ EPCRA Section 313 (40CFR372.65) : pertinent
 - Rotterdam Convention listed ingredients : NO DATA
 - Stockholm Convention listed ingredients : NO DATA
 - Montreal Protocol listed ingredients : NO DATA
- 2-Butoxyethanol
 - Information of EU Classification
 - ▷ Classification : NO DATA
 - ▷ Risk Phrases : NO DATA
 - ▷ Safety Phrase : NO DATA
 - U.S. Federal regulations
 - ▷ OSHA PROCESS SAFETY (29CFR1910.119) : notapplicable
 - ▷ CERCLA Section 103 (40CFR302.4) : notapplicable
 - ▷ EPCRA Section 302 (40CFR355.30) : notapplicable
 - ▷ EPCRA Section 304 (40CFR355.40) : notapplicable
 - ▷ EPCRA Section 313 (40CFR372.65) : notapplicable
 - Rotterdam Convention listed ingredients : NO DATA
 - Stockholm Convention listed ingredients : NO DATA
 - Montreal Protocol listed ingredients : NO DATA
- Petroleum resins
 - Information of EU Classification
 - ▷ Classification : NO DATA
 - ▷ Risk Phrases : NO DATA
 - ▷ Safety Phrase : NO DATA

- U.S. Federal regulations
 - ▷ OSHA PROCESS SAFETY (29CFR1910.119) : notapplicable
 - ▷ CERCLA Section 103 (40CFR302.4) : notapplicable
 - ▷ EPCRA Section 302 (40CFR355.30) : notapplicable
 - ▷ EPCRA Section 304 (40CFR355.40) : notapplicable
 - ▷ EPCRA Section 313 (40CFR372.65) : notapplicable
- Rotterdam Convention listed ingredients : NO DATA
- Stockholm Convention listed ingredients : NO DATA
- Montreal Protocol listed ingredients : NO DATA

16. Other information

A. Reference

This MSDS is based on 'Industrial safety and health' Act paragraph 41 and Proclamation of Ministry of Labor and Employment 2016-19, and considered domestic regulations.

This MSDS is based on KOSHA, NITE, ESIS, NLM, SIDS, IPCS, NCIS.

B. Issue date : 2025-11-24

C. Revision number and Last date revised : 2.(2025-11-21)

D. Other : " WWW.NOROO.CO.KR"